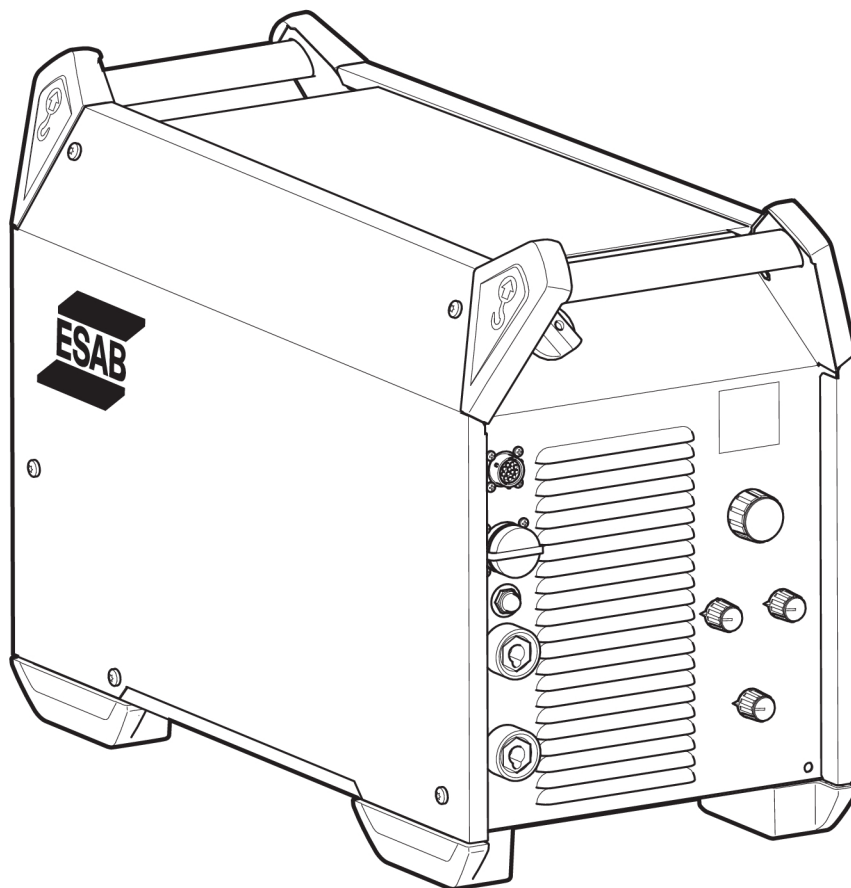




Warrior™ 500i ECHO CC/CV



Instruction manual

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1 SAFETY

1.1 Meaning of symbols

As used throughout this manual: Means Attention! Be Alert!



DANGER!

Means immediate hazards which, if not avoided, will result in immediate, serious personal injury or loss of life.



WARNING!

Means potential hazards which could result in personal injury or loss of life.



CAUTION!

Means hazards which could result in minor personal injury.



WARNING!

Before use, read and understand the instruction manual and follow all labels, employer's safety practices and Safety Data Sheets (SDSs).



1.2 Safety Precautions



WARNING!

These Safety Precautions are for your protection. They summarize precautionary information from the references listed in the Additional Safety Information section. Before performing any installation or operating procedures, be sure to read and follow the safety precautions listed below as well as all other manuals, material safety data sheets, labels, etc. Failure to observe Safety Precautions can result in injury or death.



PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS

Some welding, cutting and gouging processes are noisy and require ear protection. The arc, like the sun, emits ultraviolet (UV) and other radiation and can injure skin and eyes. Hot metal can cause burns. Training in the proper use of the processes and equipment is essential to prevent accidents. Therefore:

1. Wear a welding helmet fitted with a proper shade of filter to protect your face and eyes when welding or watching.
2. Always wear safety glasses with side shields in any work area, even if welding helmets, face shields and goggles are also required.
3. Use a face shield fitted with the correct filter and cover plates to protect your eyes, face, neck and ears from sparks and rays of the arc when operating or observing operations. Warn bystanders not to watch the arc and not to expose themselves to the rays of the electric-arc or hot metal.
4. Wear flameproof gauntlet type gloves, heavy long-sleeve shirt, cuffless trousers, high-topped shoes and a welding helmet or cap for protection, to protect against arc rays and hot sparks or hot metal. A flameproof apron may also be desirable as protection against radiated heat and sparks.
5. Hot sparks or metal can lodge in rolled up sleeves, trouser cuffs, or pockets. Sleeves and collars should be kept buttoned and open pockets eliminated from the front of clothing.
6. Protect other personnel from arc rays and hot sparks with a suitable non-flammable partition or curtains.
7. Use goggles over safety glasses when chipping slag or grinding. Chipped slag may be hot and can fly far. Bystanders should also wear goggles over safety glasses.



FIRES AND EXPLOSIONS

Heat from flames and arcs can start fires. Hot slag or sparks can also cause fires and explosions. Therefore:

1. Protect yourself and others from flying sparks and hot metal.
2. Remove all combustible materials well away from the work area or cover the materials with a protective non-flammable covering. Combustible materials include wood, cloth, sawdust, liquid and gas fuels, solvents, paints and coatings paper, etc.
3. Hot sparks or hot metal can fall through cracks or crevices in floors or wall openings and cause a hidden smoldering fire or fires on the floor below. Make certain that such openings are protected from hot sparks and metal.
4. Do not weld, cut or perform other hot work until the work piece has been completely cleaned so that there are no substances on the work piece which might produce flammable or toxic vapors. Do not do hot work on closed containers, they may explode.
5. Have fire extinguishing equipment handy for instant use, such as a garden hose, water pail, sand bucket, or portable fire extinguisher. Be sure you are trained in its use.
6. Do not use equipment beyond its ratings. For example, an overloaded welding cable can overheat and create a fire hazard.
7. After completing operations, inspect the work area to make certain there are no hot sparks or hot metal which could cause a later fire. Use fire watchers when necessary.



ELECTRICAL SHOCK

Contact with live electrical parts and ground can cause severe injury or death. DO NOT use AC welding current in damp areas, if movement is confined, or if there is danger of falling. Therefore:

1. Be sure the power source frame (chassis) is connected to the ground system of the input power.
2. Connect the workpiece to a good electrical ground.
3. Connect the work cable to the workpiece. A poor or missing connection can expose you or others to a fatal shock.
4. Use well-maintained equipment. Replace worn or damaged cables.
5. Keep everything dry, including clothing, work area, cables, torch/electrode holder and power source.
6. Make sure that all parts of your body are insulated from both the work piece and from the ground.
7. Do not stand directly on metal or the earth while working in tight quarters or a damp area; stand on dry boards or an insulating platform and wear rubber-soled shoes.
8. Put on dry, hole-free gloves before turning on the power.
9. Turn off the power before removing your gloves.
10. Refer to ANSI/ASC Standard Z49.1 for specific grounding recommendations. Do not mistake the work lead for a ground cable.



ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS

May be dangerous. Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF). Welding and cutting current creates EMF around welding cables and welding machines. Therefore:

1. Welders with pacemakers should consult their physician before welding. EMF may interfere with some pacemakers.
2. Exposure to EMF may have other health effects which are unknown.

3. Welders should use the following procedures to minimize exposure to EMF:
 - a) Route the electrode and work cables together. Secure them with tape when possible.
 - b) Never coil the torch or work cable around your body.
 - c) Do not place your body between the torch and work cables. Route cables on the same side of your body.
 - d) Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.
 - e) Keep welding power source and cables as far away from your body as possible.



FUMES AND GASES

Fumes and gases can cause discomfort or harm, particularly in confined spaces. Shielding gases can cause asphyxiation. Therefore:

1. Keep your head out of the fumes. Do not breathe the fumes and gases.
2. Always provide adequate ventilation in the work area by natural or mechanical means. Do not weld, cut or gouge on materials such as galvanized steel, stainless steel, copper, zinc, lead, beryllium or cadmium unless positive mechanical ventilation is provided. Do not breathe fumes from these materials.
3. Do not operate near degreasing and spraying operations. The heat or arc can react with chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas, and other irritant gases.
4. If you develop momentary eye, nose or throat irritation while operating, this is an indication that ventilation is not adequate. Stop work and take necessary steps to improve ventilation in the work area. Do not continue to operate if physical discomfort persists.
5. Refer to ANSI/ASC Standard Z49.1 for specific ventilation recommendations.



CYLINDER HANDLING

Cylinders, if mishandled, can rupture and violently release gas. A sudden rupture of cylinder valve or relief device can injure or kill. Therefore:

1. Locate cylinders away from heat, sparks and flames. Never strike an arc on a cylinder.
2. Use the proper gas for the process and use the proper pressure reducing regulator designed to operate from the compressed gas cylinder. Do not use adapters. Maintain hoses and fittings in good condition. Follow manufacturer's operating instructions for mounting regulator to a compressed gas cylinder.
3. Always secure cylinders in an upright position by chain or strap to suitable hand trucks, undercarriages, benches, wall, post or racks. Never secure cylinders to work tables or fixtures where they may become part of an electrical circuit.
4. When not in use, keep cylinder valves closed. Have valve protection cap in place if regulator is not connected. Secure and move cylinders by using suitable hand trucks.



MOVING PARTS

Moving parts, such as fans, rotors and belts can cause injury. Therefore:

1. Keep all doors, panels, guards and covers closed and securely in place.
2. Have only qualified people remove covers for maintenance and troubleshooting as necessary.
3. Keep hands, hair, loose clothing and tools away from moving parts.
4. Reinstall panels or covers and close doors when service is finished and before starting the unit.

**WARNING!
FALLING EQUIPMENT CAN INJURE**

- Only use lifting eye to lift unit. Do NOT use running gear, gas cylinders or any other accessories.
- Use equipment of adequate capacity to lift and support unit.
- If using lift forks to move unit, be sure forks are long enough to extend beyond opposite side of unit.
- Keep cables and cords away from moving vehicles when working from an aerial location.

**WARNING!
EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE**

Faulty or improperly maintained equipment can cause injury or death. Therefore:

1. Always have qualified personnel perform the installation, troubleshooting and maintenance work. Do not perform any electrical work unless you are qualified to perform such work.
2. Before performing any maintenance work inside a power source, disconnect the power source from the incoming electrical power.
3. Maintain cables, earthing wire, connections, power cord and power supply in safe working order. Do not operate any equipment in faulty condition.
4. Do not abuse any equipment or accessories. Keep equipment away from heat sources such as furnaces, wet conditions such as water puddles, oil or grease, corrosive atmospheres and inclement weather.
5. Keep all safety devices and cabinet covers in position and in good repair.
6. Use equipment only for its intended purpose. Do not modify it in any manner.

**CAUTION!
ADDITIONAL SAFETY INFORMATION**

For more information on safe practices for electric arc welding and cutting equipment, ask your supplier for a copy of "Precautions and Safe Practices for Arc Welding, Cutting and Gouging", Form 52-529.

The following publications are recommended:

- ANSI/ASC Z49.1 - "Safety in Welding and Cutting"
- AWS C5.5 - "Recommended Practices for Gas Tungsten Arc Welding"
- AWS C5.6 - "Recommended Practices for Gas Metal Arc welding"
- AWS SP - "Safe practices" - Reprint, Welding Handbook
- ANSI/AWS F4.1 - "Recommended Safe Practices for Welding and Cutting of Containers That Have Held Hazardous Substances"
- OSHA 29 CFR 1910 - "Safety and health standards"
- CSA W117.2 - "Code for safety in welding and cutting"
- NFPA Standard 51B, "Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work"
- CGA Standard P-1, "Precautions for Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders"
- ANSI Z87.1, "Occupational and Educational Personal Eye and Face Protection Devices"

1.3 User responsibility

Users of ESAB equipment have the ultimate responsibility for ensuring that anyone who works on or near the equipment observes all the relevant safety precautions. Safety precautions must meet the requirements that apply to this type of equipment. The following recommendations should be observed in addition to the standard regulations that apply to the workplace.

All work must be carried out by trained personnel well-acquainted with the operation of the equipment. Incorrect operation of the equipment may lead to hazardous situations which can result in injury to the operator and damage to the equipment.

1. Anyone who uses the equipment must be familiar with:
 - its operation
 - location of emergency stops
 - its function
 - relevant safety precautions
 - welding and cutting or other applicable operation of the equipment
2. The operator must ensure that:
 - no unauthorized person is stationed within the working area of the equipment when it is started up
 - no-one is unprotected when the arc is struck or work is started with the equipment
3. The workplace must:
 - be suitable for the purpose
 - be free from drafts
4. Personal safety equipment:
 - Always wear recommended personal safety equipment, such as safety glasses, flame-proof clothing, safety gloves
 - Do not wear loose-fitting items, such as scarves, bracelets, rings, etc., which could become trapped or cause burns
5. General precautions:
 - Make sure the return cable is connected securely
 - Work on high voltage equipment **may only be carried out by a qualified electrician**
 - Appropriate fire extinguishing equipment must be clearly marked and close at hand
 - Lubrication and maintenance must **not** be carried out on the equipment during operation



WARNING!

Arc welding and cutting can be injurious to yourself and others. Take precautions when welding and cutting.



ELECTRIC SHOCK - Can kill

- Install and ground the unit in accordance with instruction manual.
- Do not touch live electrical parts or electrodes with bare skin, wet gloves or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground.
- Ensure your working position is safe



ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS - Can be dangerous to health

- Welders with pacemakers should consult their physician before welding. EMF may interfere with some pacemakers.
- Exposure to EMF may have other health effects which are unknown.
- Welders should use the following procedures to minimize exposure to EMF:
 - Route the electrode and work cables together on the same side of your body. Secure them with tape when possible. Do not place your body between the torch and work cables. Never coil the torch or work cable around your body. Keep welding power source and cables as far away from your body as possible.
 - Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.



FUMES AND GASES - Can be dangerous to health

- Keep your head out of the fumes.
- Use ventilation, extraction at the arc, or both, to take fumes and gases away from your breathing zone and the general area.



ARC RAYS - Can injure eyes and burn skin

- Protect your eyes and body. Use the correct welding screen and filter lens and wear protective clothing.
- Protect bystanders with suitable screens or curtains.



NOISE - Excessive noise can damage hearing

Protect your ears. Use earmuffs or other hearing protection.



MOVING PARTS - Can cause injuries

- Keep all doors, panels, guards, and covers closed and securely in place.
- Have only qualified people remove covers for maintenance and troubleshooting as necessary.
- Keep hands, hair, loose clothing and tools away from moving parts.
- Reinstall panels or covers and close doors when service is finished and before starting the unit.



FIRE HAZARD

- Sparks (spatter) can cause fire. Make sure that there are no inflammable materials nearby.
- Do not use on closed containers.



HOT SURFACE - Parts can burn

- Do not touch parts bare handed.
- Allow cooling period before working on equipment.
- To handle hot parts, use proper tools and/or insulated welding gloves to prevent burns.



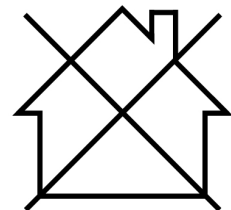
CAUTION!

This product is solely intended for arc welding.



CAUTION!

Class A equipment is not intended for use in residential locations where the electrical power is provided by the public low-voltage supply system. There may be potential difficulties in ensuring electromagnetic compatibility of class A equipment in those locations, due to conducted as well as radiated disturbances.



NOTE!

Dispose of electronic equipment at the recycling facility!

In observance of European Directive 2012/19/EC on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment and its implementation in accordance with national law, electrical and/or electronic equipment that has reached the end of its life must be disposed of at a recycling facility.

As the person responsible for the equipment, it is your responsibility to obtain information on approved collection stations.

For further information contact the nearest ESAB dealer.



1.4 California proposition 65 warning



WARNING!

Welding or cutting equipment produces fumes or gases which contain chemicals known in the State of California to cause birth defects and, in some cases, cancer. (California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 et seq.)



WARNING!

This product can expose you to chemicals including lead, which are known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after use.

For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

ESAB has an assortment of welding accessories and personal protection equipment for purchase. For ordering information contact your local ESAB dealer or visit us on our website.

2 INTRODUCTION

The **Warrior™ 500i ECHO CC/CV** is a welding power source intended for GMAW welding, as well as for welding with powder filled cored wire (FCAW-S), for GTAW welding, for welding with coated electrodes (SMAW) and for arc air gouging.

Warrior™ 500i ECHO CC/CV has built-in communication through the welding cables with RobustFeed AVS ECHO.

The power sources are intended for use with the following wire feed units:

- RobustFeed PRO
- RobustFeed AVS
- RobustFeed AVS ECHO
- Warrior™ Feed 304
- Warrior™ Feed 304w
- Warrior™ DualFeed

ESAB accessories for the product can be found in the "ACCESSORIES" chapter of this manual.

2.1 Equipment

The power source is supplied with:

- 5 m (16 ft.) return cable with earth clamp
- 5 m (16 ft) mains cable
- Instruction manual
- Quick start guide
- Safety instruction

3 TECHNICAL DATA

	Warrior™ 500i ECHO CC/CV
Mains voltage	380-460 V ±10%, 3~ 50/60 Hz
Primary current I_{max}	
GMAW	37 A
GTAW	30 A
SMAW	38 A
Idle power	30 W
Setting range	
GMAW	16 A/15 V - 500 A/39 V
GTAW	5 A/10 V - 500 A/30 V
SMAW	16 A/20 V - 500 A/40 V
Permissible load at GMAW	
60% duty cycle	500 A/39 V
100% duty cycle	400 A/34 V
Permissible load at GTAW	
60% duty cycle	500 A/30 V
100% duty cycle	400 A/26 V
Permissible load at SMAW	
60% duty cycle	500 A/40 V
100% duty cycle	400 A/36 V
Power factor at maximum current	
GMAW	0.88
GTAW	0.85
SMAW	0.88
Efficiency at maximum current	
GMAW	90%
GTAW	87%
SMAW	91%
Electrode types	Basic Rutile Cellulosic
Open-circuit voltage without VRD function	84 V DC
Operating temperature	-10 to +40°C
Transportation temperature	-20 to +55°C
Constant sound pressure when idling	<70 dB (A)
Dimensions l × w × h	8 × 4.3 × 6.9 in (712 × 325 × 470 mm)
Weight	52.5 kg
Insulation class	H

	Warrior™ 500i ECHO CC/CV
Enclosure class	IP 23
Application class	S

Duty cycle

The duty cycle refers to the time as a percentage of a ten-minute period that you can weld or cut at a certain load without overloading. The duty cycle is valid for 104 °F (40 °C), or below.

Enclosure class

The **IP** code indicates the enclosure class, i.e. the degree of protection against penetration by solid objects or water.

Equipment marked **IP23** is intended for indoor and outdoor use.

Application class

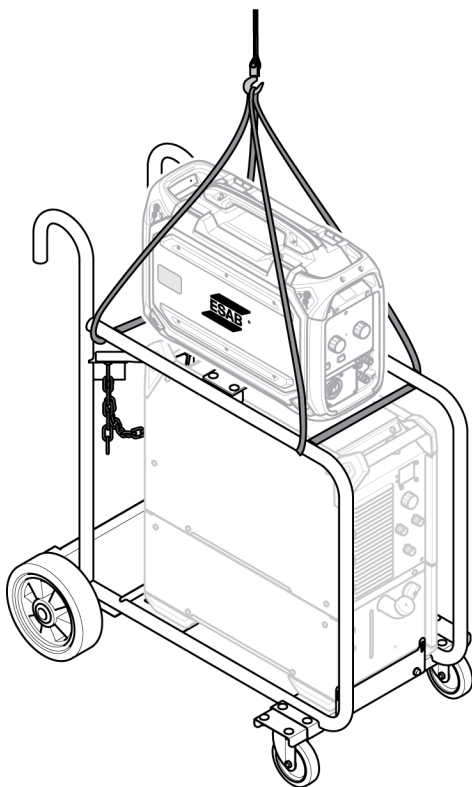
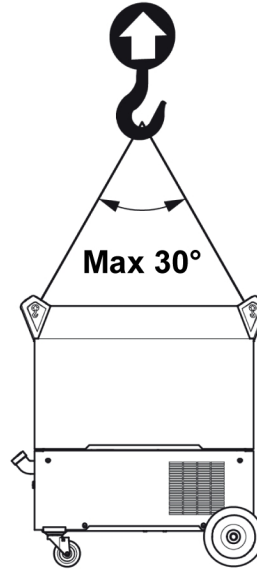
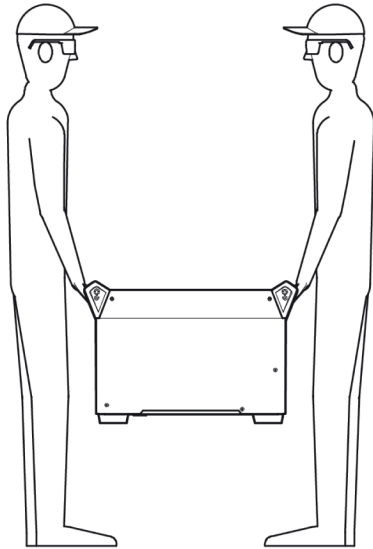
The symbol **S** indicates that the power source is designed for use in areas with increased electrical hazard.

4 INSTALLATION

The installation must be carried out by a professional.

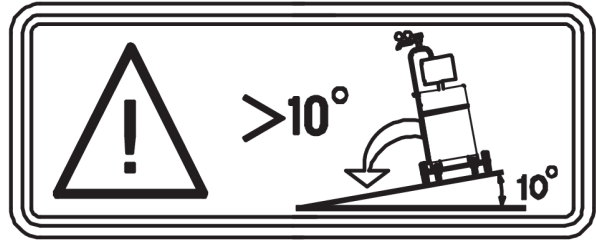
4.1 Lifting instructions

Max 80.3 kg/177 lbs



**WARNING!**

Secure the equipment - particularly if the ground is uneven or sloping.



4.2 Location

Position the power source so that cooling air inlets and outlets are not obstructed.

4.3 Main supply

**NOTE!****Mains supply requirements**

High power equipment, due to the primary current drawn from the mains supply, may influence the power quality of the grid. Therefore, connection restrictions or requirements regarding the maximum permissible mains impedance, or the required minimum supply capacity at the interface point to the public grid, may apply for some types of equipment (see technical data). In this case, it is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, in consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment may be connected.

Make sure that the welding power source is connected to the correct supply voltage and that it is protected by the correct fuse rating. A protective ground connection must be made in accordance with regulations.

Recommended fuse sizes and minimum cable area Warrior™ 500i ECHO CC/CV

Warrior™ 500i ECHO CC/CV			
Mains voltage	380 V 3~ 50/60 Hz	440 V 3~ 50/60 Hz	460 V 3~ 50/60 Hz
Mains cable area	4C AWG/4G 6 mm ²	4C 8 AWG/4G 6 mm ²	4C 8 AWG/4G 6 mm ²
I_{eff}	29 A	27 A	26 A
Fuse			
anti-surge	35 A	35 A	35 A
type C MCB	32 A	32 A	32 A

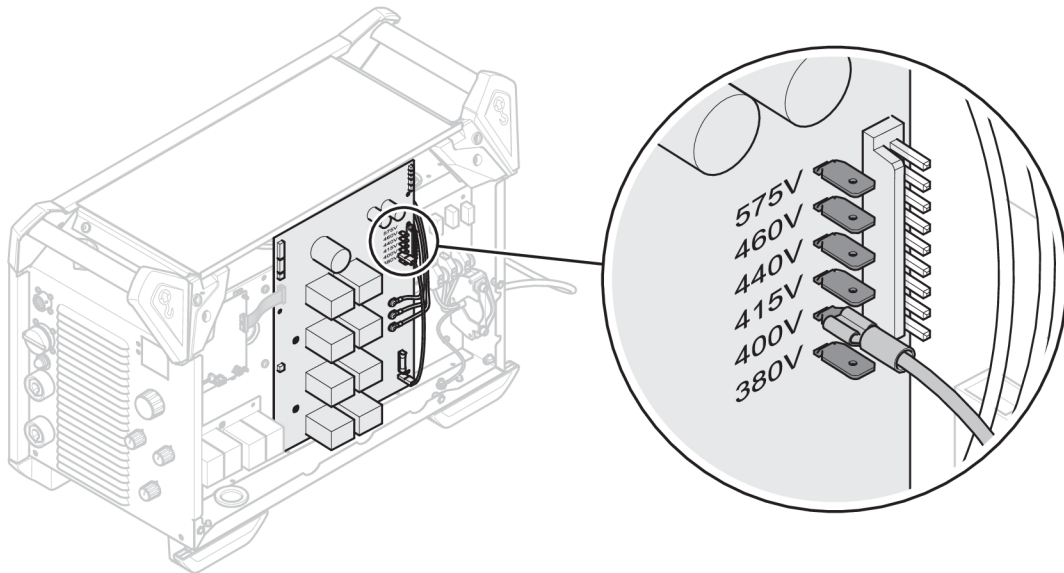
**NOTE!**

The power cable areas and fuse sizes as shown above are in accordance with Swedish regulations. Use the power source in accordance with the relevant national regulations.

Supply from power generators

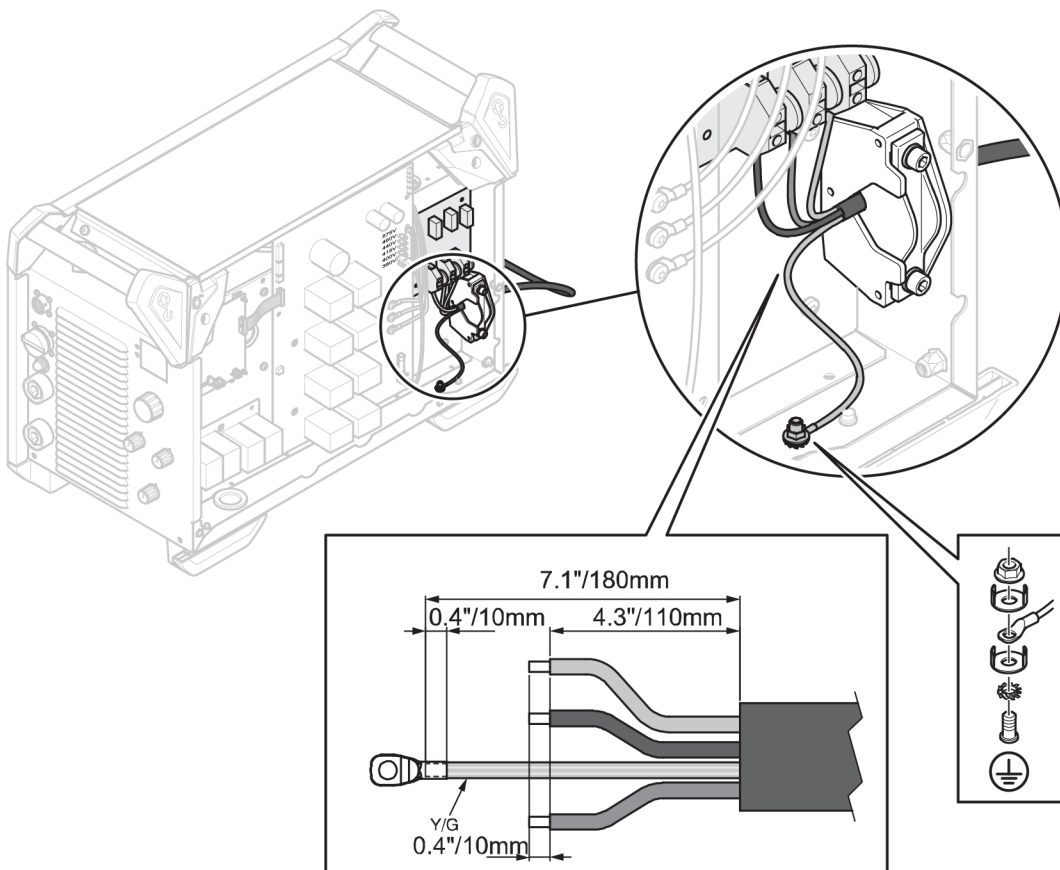
The power source can be supplied from different types of generators. However, some generators may not provide sufficient power for the welding power source to operate correctly. Generators with Automatic Voltage Regulation (AVR) or with an equivalent or better type of regulation, with rated power ≥ 40 kW, are recommended.

Connection instruction



The power source is connected to 440 V from the factory. If a different mains voltage is required, the cable on the printed circuit board must be moved and placed on the correct pin. See picture above. This operation must be carried out by personnel with the appropriate electrical knowledge.

Installation of electrical cable



A mains cable needs to be installed, it is then important that the ground connection to the bottom plate must be made in a correct way. See the picture above, for the placement order of the washers, nuts and screws.

5 OPERATION

General safety regulations for handling the equipment can be found in the "SAFETY" chapter of this manual. Read it through before you start using the equipment!



NOTE!

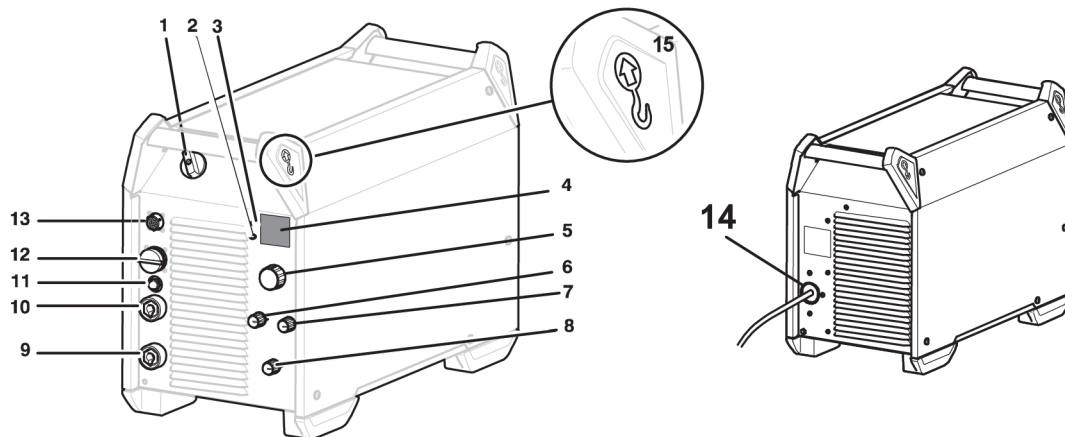
When moving the equipment use intended handle. Never pull the cables.



WARNING!

Electric shock! Do not touch the workpiece or the welding head during operation!

5.1 Connections and control devices



- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Mains power supply switch, I/O | 9. Connection (-): GMAW: Return cable GTAW: Welding torch SMAW: Return cable or welding cable, OKC 50 (FEMALE) |
| 2. Indicator lamp, yellow, overheating | 10. Connection (+): GMAW: Welding cable GTAW: Return cable SMAW: Welding cable or return cable, OKC 50 (FEMALE) |
| 3. Indicator lamp, green, VRD function (reduced open-circuit voltage) | 11. Circuit breaker, 10 A, 42 V |
| 4. Display, current (A) and voltage (V) | 12. Connection of wire feed unit, 19 pole Amphenol connector |
| 5. Knob for setting: SMAW GTAW/Arc gauging: Current (A) Mobile Feed mode: Voltage (V) | 13. Connection for remote control unit (option) |
| 6. Knob for selecting electrode type | 14. Connection for mains power supply |
| 7. Knob for inductance (GMAW) and arc force (SMAW) | 15. Lifting eye bolt |
| 8. Knob for welding method | |

5.2 Connection welding and return cables

The power source has two outputs, a positive welding terminal (+) and a negative welding terminal (-), for connecting welding and return cables. The output to which the welding cable is connected depends on the welding process or type of electrode/wire used.

- For MIG / MAG / GMAW & MMA / SMAW / Stick welding, the welding cable can be connected to the positive welding terminal (+) or negative welding terminal (-), depending on the type of electrode/wire used. The connection polarity is stated on the electrode packaging.
- For TIG / GTAW welding, the negative welding terminal (-) is used for the welding torch, and the positive welding terminal (+) is used for the return cable.

1. Connect the return cable to the other output on the power source.

- Secure the return cable's contact clamp to the workpiece and make sure that there is good contact between the workpiece and the output for the return cable on the power source.

5.3 Weld cable size selection

The total cable length in the welding circuit is the sum of the lengths of both welding cables.

For example, if the power source is positioned 100 ft (30 m) from the workpiece, the total cable length is 200 ft (60 m), i.e. 2×100 ft (30 m). Refer to the 200 ft (60 m) column to select the appropriate cable size.

This table is intended as a general guideline and may not be suitable for all applications. If the weld cable overheats, select the next larger cable size.

Weld cable size AWG (mm²) is determined based on either a maximum voltage drop of 4 V or a minimum current density of 300 circular mils per ampere.

For cable lengths exceeding those shown, see AWS Fact Sheet No. 39, Welding Cables, available from the American Welding Society at <https://www.aws.org>.

Weld cable size and total cable length in the weld circuit								
	100 ft (30 m) or less		150 ft (45 m)	200 ft (60 m)	250 ft (70 m)	300 ft (90 m)	350 ft (105 m)	400 ft (120 m)
Welding amperes	10–60% Duty cycle AWG (mm ²)	60–100% Duty cycle AWG (mm ²)	10–100% Duty cycle AWG (mm ²)					
	100	4 (20)	4 (20)	4 (20)	3 (30)	2 (35)	1 (50)	1/0 (60)
150	3 (30)	3 (30)	2 (35)	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	3/0 (95)
200	3 (30)	2 (35)	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	4/0 (120)
250	2 (35)	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2×2/0 (2×70)	2×2/0 (2×70)
300	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2×2/0 (2×70)	2×3/0 (2×95)	2×3/0 (2×95)
350	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2×2/0 (2×70)	2×3/0 (2×95)	2×3/0 (2×95)	2×4/0 (2×120)
400	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2×2/0 (2×70)	2×3/0 (2×95)	2×4/0 (2×120)	2×4/0 (2×120)
500	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2×2/0 (2×70)	2×3/0 (2×95)	2×4/0 (2×120)	3×3/0 (3×95)	3×3/0 (3×95)
600	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2×2/0 (2×70)	2×3/0 (2×95)	2×4/0 (2×120)	3×3/0 (3×95)	3×4/0 (3×120)	3×4/0 (3×120)

5.4 Turning the power on/off

Turn on the mains power by turning switch to the "I" position, see 1 in the picture above.

Turn the unit off by turning the switch to the "O" position.

Whether the mains power supply is interrupted or the power source is switched off in the normal manner, the welding data will be stored so it is available the next time the unit is started.



CAUTION!

Do not turn off the power source during welding (with load).

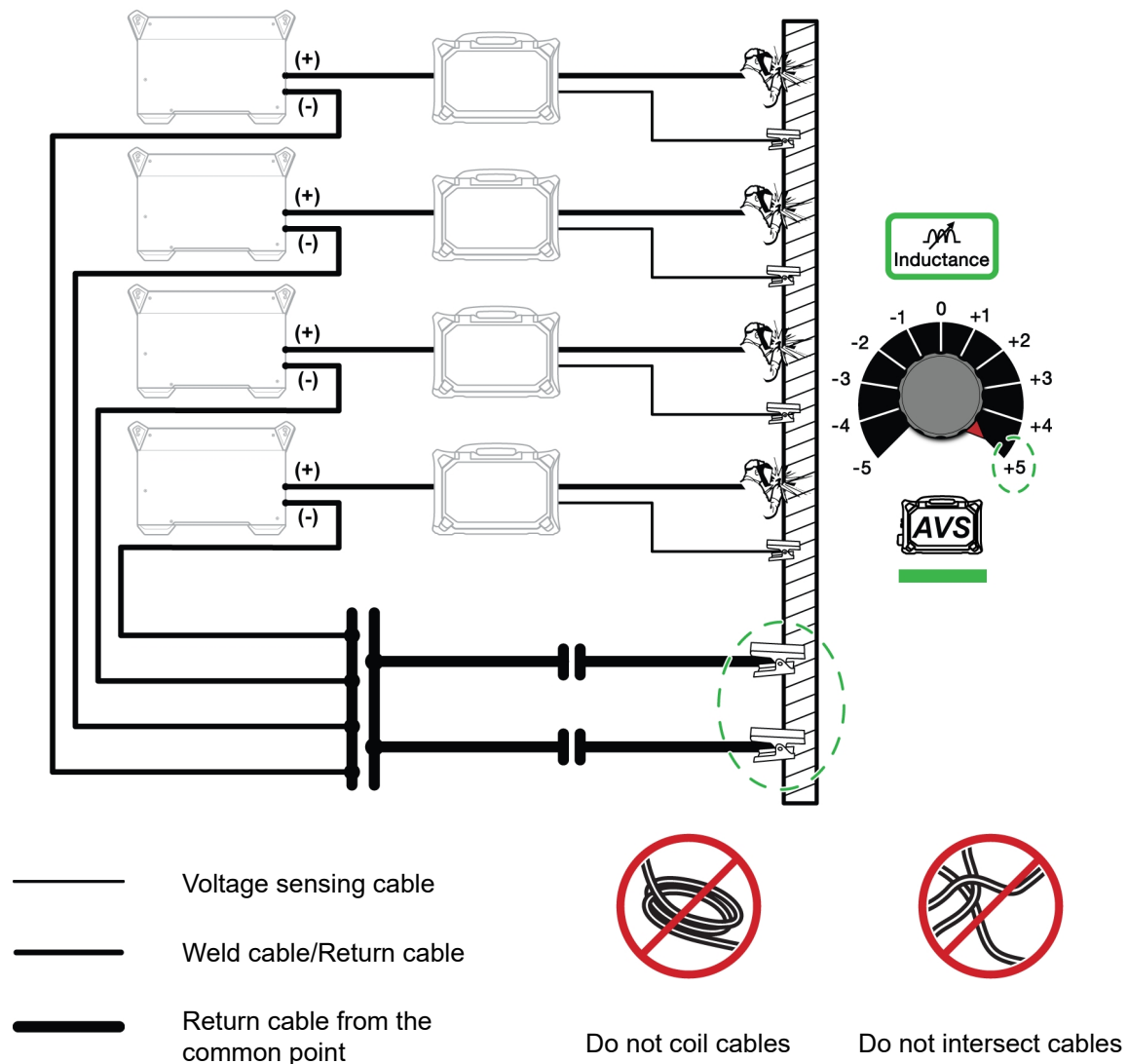
5.5 Fan control

The power source has a time control, this means that the fans continue to run for 6.5 minutes after welding has stopped, and the power source switches to energy-saving mode. The fans start again when welding restarts.











5.6 Multiple Warrior™ power source welding setups

When welding with multiple power source setups, follow the instructions below to ensure optimal performance:

- Ensure that the voltage sensing cable is connected from each feeder to the workpiece.
- In some setups, multiple return cables (four or six smaller cables) may be connected to a common connection point, and from this point, a single or multiple larger return cables are connected to the workpiece. In such cases, ensure that the larger return cables are sized for the total combined amperage of all power sources (refer to the table below).
- If any cable in the welding circuit is undersized, it can overheat, and the power sources may produce a harsh hissing sound that indicates excessive cable loading.
- In AVS mode, setting the inductance to the maximum value (+5) may help improve welding performance when using long weld cables.



5.7 Symbols and functions

	Location of lifting eye	VRD	Voltage Reducing Device
	Overheating protection	Basic	Basic electrode
Rutile	Rutile electrode	Cel	Cellulosic electrode
	Arc force		Inductance
	GTAW welding (Live GTAW)		Arc air gouging
	SMAW welding		GMAW welding
	Wire feed unit Mobile feed CV (Constant voltage)		Protective ground

Voltage reducing device (VRD)

The VRD function ensures that the open-circuit voltage does not exceed 35 V when welding is not being carried out. This is indicated by a lit VRD led.

The VRD function is blocked when the system senses that welding has started.

Contact an authorized ESAB service technician to activate this function.

Overheating protection

The welding power source has overheating protection that trips if the temperature becomes too high. When this occurs, the welding current is interrupted and an overheating indication lamp is lit.

The overheating protection resets automatically when the temperature has fallen back to the normal working temperature range.

Arc force

The arc force is important in determining how the current changes in response to a change in the arc length. A lower value gives a calmer arc with less spatter.

It only applies to SMAW welding.

Inductance

Higher inductance results in a wider weld pool and less spatter. Lower inductance produces a harsher sound, but a stable, concentrated arc.

It only applies to GMAW welding.

GTAW welding

GTAW welding melts the metal of the workpiece, using an arc struck from a tungsten electrode, which does not itself melt. The weld pool and electrode are protected by shielding gas.

Live GTAW-start

At a "Live GTAW-start", the tungsten electrode is placed against the workpiece. When the electrode is lifted away from the workpiece, the arc is struck at a limited current level.

**Arc air gouging**

For arc air gouging, a special electrode is used comprised of a carbon rod with a copper casing.

An arc is formed between the carbon rod and the workpiece, which melts the material. Compressed air is supplied, so the melted material is blown away.

For arc air gouging the power source must be supplemented with:

- arc air torches
- compressed air
- Return cable with clamp

Recommended for gouging

Electrode Ø	Voltage min.	Voltage max.	Electrode Extension
6 mm (1/4")	36 V	49 V	50–76 mm (2 - 3")
8 mm (5/16")	39 V	52 V	
10 mm (3/8")	43 V	52 V	

SMAW welding

SMAW welding may also be referred to as welding with coated electrodes. Striking the arc melts the electrode, and its coating forms protective slag.

For SMAW welding the power source shall be supplemented with:

- Welding cable with electrode holder
- Return cable with clamp

GMAW and self-shielded cored wire welding

An arc melts a continuously supplied wire. The weld pool is protected by shielding gas.

For GMAW and self-shielded core wire welding, the power source shall be supplemented with:

- wire feed unit
- welding torch
- connection cable between power source and wire feed unit
- gas cylinder
- Return cable with clamp

6 MAINTENANCE


WARNING!

The mains supply must be disconnected during cleaning and maintenance.


CAUTION!

Only persons with appropriate electrical knowledge (authorized personnel) may remove the safety plates.


CAUTION!

The product is covered by manufacturer's warranty. Any attempt to carry out repair work by non-authorized service centers or personnel will invalidate the warranty.


NOTE!

Regular maintenance is important for safe and reliable operation.


NOTE!



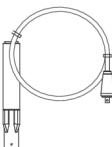

Perform maintenance more often during severe dusty conditions.

Before each use, make sure that the:

- Product and cables are undamaged, and
- The torch is clean and undamaged.

6.1 Routine maintenance

Maintenance schedule during normal conditions. Check equipment before every use.

Interval	Area to maintain		
Every 3 months	 Clean or replace unreadable labels.	 Clean weld terminals.	 Check or replace weld cables.
Every 12 months or depending on environmental conditions (by authorized service technician)	 Clean inside equipment. Use dry compressed air with 4 bar pressure.		

6.2 Cleaning instructions

To maintain the performance and increase the lifetime of the power source, it is mandatory to clean it regularly. How often depends on:

- The welding process,
- The arc time, and
- The working environment.
- the surrounding environment, that is grinding etc.

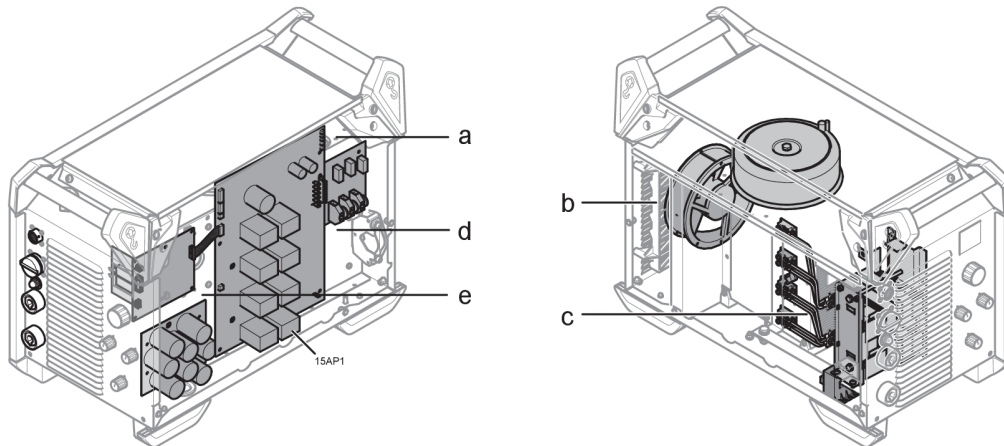
Tools needed for the cleaning procedure:

- torx screwdriver, T25 and T30
- dry compressed air at a pressure of 4 bar
- protective equipment like earplugs, safety glasses, masks, gloves, and safety shoes

**CAUTION!**

Make sure that the cleaning procedure is done in a suitable prepared workspace.

6.2.1 Cleaning procedure

**CAUTION!**

The cleaning procedure should be carried out by an authorized service technician.

1. Disconnect the mains supply.
2. Wait for 4 minutes to discharge the capacitors.
3. Remove the side panels on the power source.
4. Remove the top panel on the power source.
5. Remove the plastic cover between the heat sink and fan (b).
6. Clean the power source with dry compressed air (4 bar) as follows:
 - a) The upper rear part.
 - b) From the rear panel through the secondary heat sink.
 - c) The inductor, transformer, and current sensor.
 - d) The power components side, from the rear side behind PCB 15AP1.
 - e) The PCBs at both sides.
7. Make sure that there is no dust left on any part.
8. Install the plastic cover between the heat sink and the fan (2) and make sure it is correctly fitted against the heat sink.
9. Do a test of the power source according to IEC 60974-4. Follow the procedure in section "After repair, inspection and test" in the Service manual.
10. Install the top panel on the power source.
11. Install the side panels on the power source.
12. Connect the mains supply.

7 TROUBLESHOOTING

Try these recommended checks and inspections before sending for an authorized service technician.

Type of fault	Corrective action
No arc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check that the main power supply switch is turned on. • Check that the mains, welding, and return cables are correctly connected. • Check that the correct current value is set. • Check the electrical power supply fuses.
The welding current is interrupted during welding.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check whether the overloading protection has tripped (indicated on the front). • Check the electrical power supply fuses. • Check that the return cable is correctly fastened.
The overheating protection trips frequently.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that you are not exceeding the rated data for the power source (i.e. that the unit is not being overloaded).
Poor welding performance.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check that the welding and return cables are correctly connected. • Check that the correct current value is set. • Check that the correct wire or electrode is used. • Check the electrical power supply fuses. • Check the gas pressure in the equipment connected to the power source.
"Err" on display in open circuit mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the electrical power supply fuses. • Check that the voltage on the voltage selection label, on the rear of the power source, is equal to the nominal mains voltage. • Restart the power source with the main switch.
ECHO communication handshake between power source and feeder not detected (applicable for AVS ECHO).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restart the power source or the RobustFeed AVS ECHO feeder. • Check if the welding method is set to AVS mode. • Check if the interconnection cables are connected properly. • Ensure that the power source base is electrically isolated from the welding table to prevent disturbance of the ECHO communication.

8 ORDERING SPARE PARTS



CAUTION!

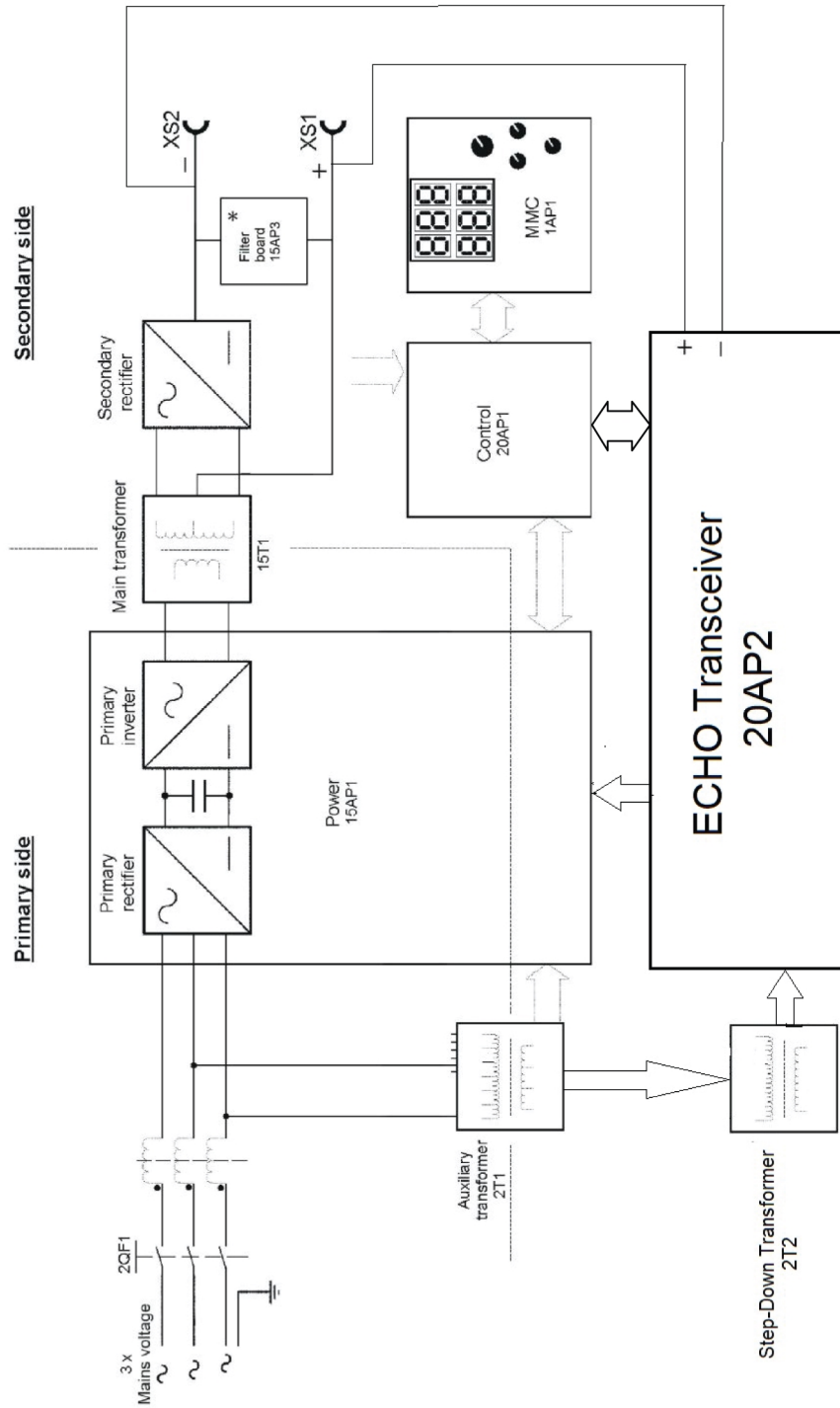
Repair and electrical work should be performed by an authorized ESAB service technician.
Use only ESAB original spare and wear parts.

Warrior™ 500i ECHO CC/CV is designed and tested in accordance with the international standards **IEC 60974-1**, Canadian standards **CAN/CSA-E60974-1:11** and US standards **ANSI/IEC 60974-1:2008**. Upon completion of service or repair work, it is the responsibility of the person(s) performing the work to ensure that the product still complies with the requirements of the above standards.

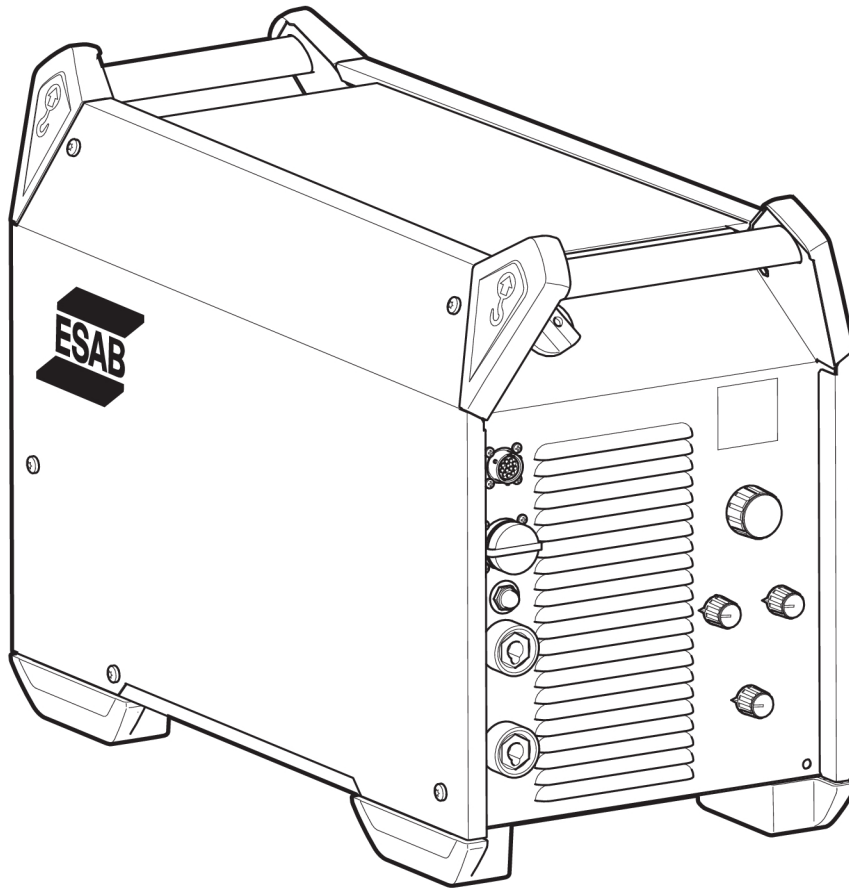
Spare parts and wear parts can be ordered through your nearest ESAB dealer, see esab.com. When ordering, please state product type, serial number, designation and spare part number in accordance with the spare parts list. This facilitates dispatch and ensures correct delivery.

APPENDIX

DIAGRAM


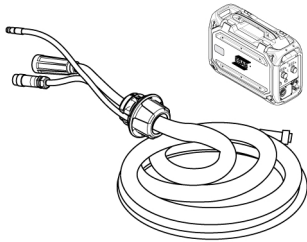
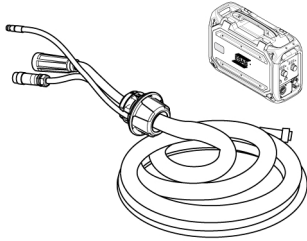
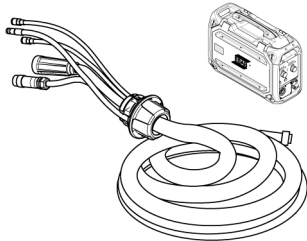
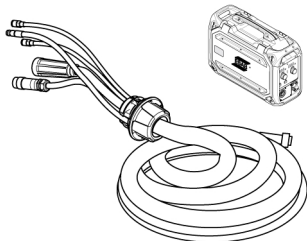





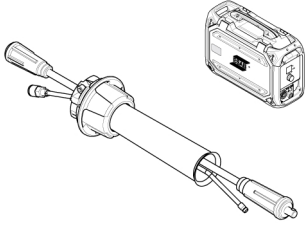
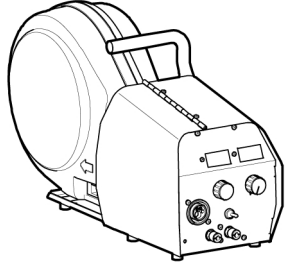
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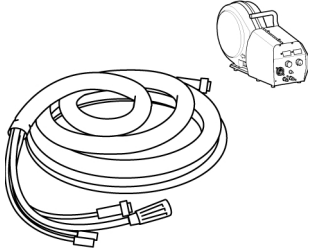
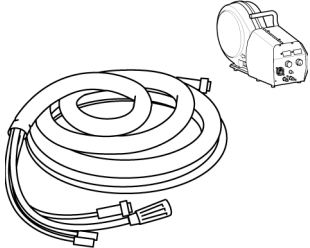
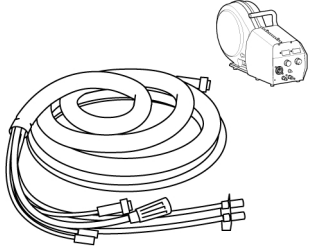
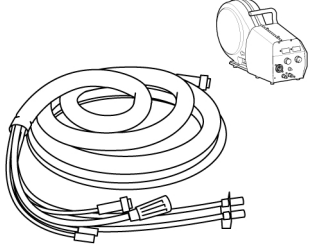
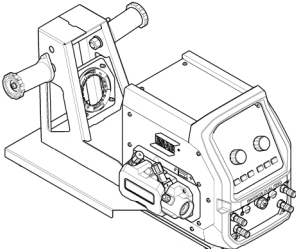


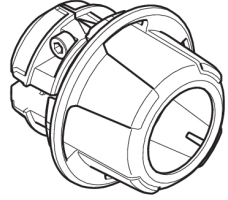
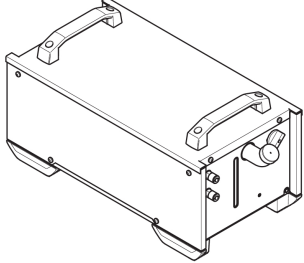
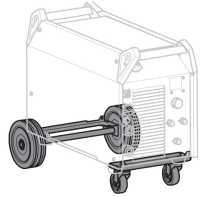
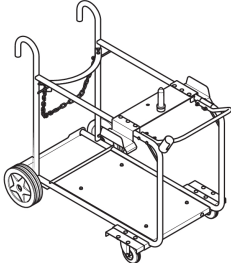
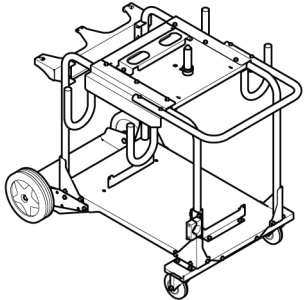
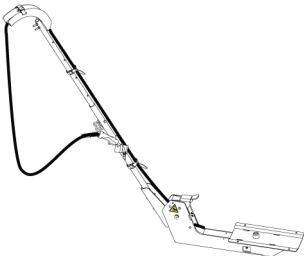
Ordering number	Denomination	Type	Notes
0448 550 882	Welding power source	Warrior™ 500i ECHO CC/CV	380-460 V SAM
0459 839 084	Spare parts list		
0740 800 221	Service manual		

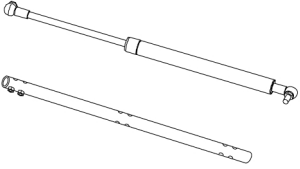
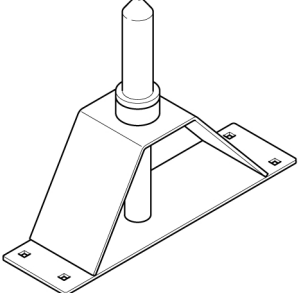
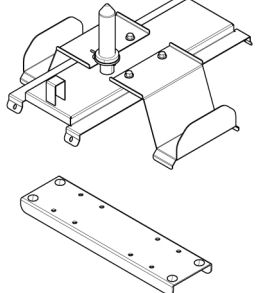
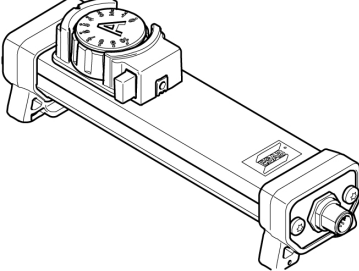

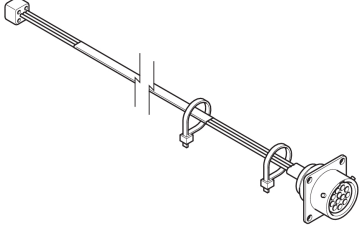
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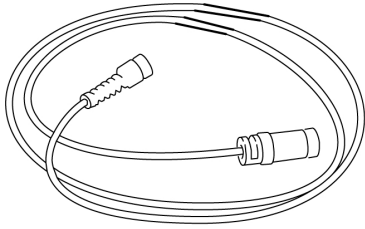
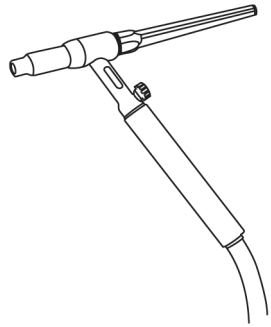
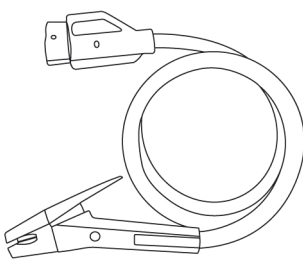
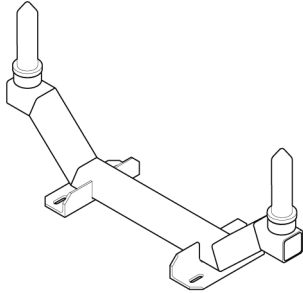
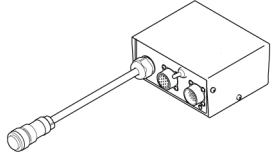
0445 800 881	Robust Feed PRO, Water With EURO connector and including torch cooling system	
0445 800 883	Robust Feed PRO Offshore, Water With EURO connector and including torch cooling system, incl. gas flow meter and heater	
0445 800 885	Robust Feed PRO Offshore, Tweco With Tweco 4 connector, incl. gas flow meter and heater	
RobustFeed Pro, Interconnection cable with pre-assembled strain relief		
Interconnection cable set, 70 mm², 19 poles, gas cooled		
0446 160 880	2 m (7 ft.)	
0446 160 881	5 m (16 ft.)	
0446 160 882	10 m (33 ft.)	
0446 160 883	15 m (49 ft.)	
0446 160 884	25 m (82 ft.)	
0446 160 885	35 m (115 ft.)	
0446 160 887	20 m (66 ft.)	
Interconnection cable set, 95 mm², 19 poles, gas cooled		
0446 160 980	2 m (7 ft.)	
0446 160 981	5 m (16 ft.)	
0446 160 982	10 m (33 ft.)	
0446 160 983	15 m (49 ft.)	
0446 160 984	25 m (82 ft.)	
0446 160 985	35 m (115 ft.)	
Interconnection cable set, 70 mm², 19 poles, liquid cooled		
0446 160 890	2 m (7 ft.)	
0446 160 891	5 m (16 ft.)	
0446 160 892	10 m (33 ft.)	
0446 160 893	15 m (49 ft.)	
0446 160 894	25 m (82 ft.)	
0446 160 895	35 m (115 ft.)	
Interconnection cable set, 95 mm², 19 poles, liquid cooled		
0446 160 990	2 m (7 ft.)	
0446 160 991	5 m (16 ft.)	
0446 160 992	10 m (33 ft.)	
0446 160 993	15 m (49 ft.)	
0446 160 994	25 m (82 ft.)	
0446 160 995	35 m (115 ft.)	

0446 700 880	RobustFeed AVS without Rotameter with EURO connector	
0446 700 881	RobustFeed AVS with Rotameter with EURO connector	
0446 700 882	RobustFeed AVS without Rotameter with Tweco connector	
0446 700 883	RobustFeed AVS with Rotameter with Tweco connector	
0448 700 880	RobustFeed AVS ECHO with Rotameter with EURO connector	
0448 700 881	RobustFeed AVS ECHO with Rotameter with Tweco connector	
RobustFeed AVS and RobustFeed AVS ECHO, Interconnection cable with pre-assembled strain relief		
Interconnection cable set, 70 mm², 19 poles, gas cooled		
0446 675 880	1 m (3 ft.)	
0465 250 881	Warrior Feed™ 304w , with water cooling	
Interconnection set for Warrior Feed 304w without strain relief		
Interconnection cable set, 70 mm², 19 poles, gas cooled		

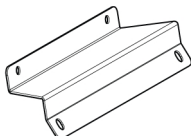
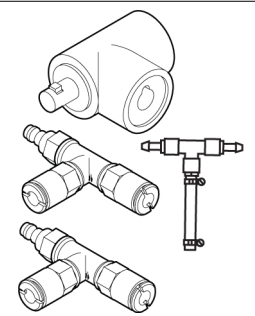
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0459 836 881	5 m (16 ft.)	
0459 836 882	10 m (33 ft.)	
0459 836 883	15 m (49 ft.)	
0459 836 884	25 m (82 ft.)	
0459 836 885	35 m (115 ft.)	
Interconnection cable set, 95 mm², 19 poles, gas cooled		
0459 836 980	2 m (7 ft.)	
0459 836 981	5 m (16 ft.)	
0459 836 982	10 m (33 ft.)	
0459 836 983	15 m (49 ft.)	
0459 836 984	25 m (82 ft.)	
0459 836 985	35 m (115 ft.)	
Interconnection cable set, 70 mm², 19 poles, liquid cooled		
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0459 836 891	5 m (16 ft.)	
0459 836 892	10 m (33 ft.)	
0459 836 893	15 m (49 ft.)	
0459 836 894	25 m (82 ft.)	
0459 836 895	35 m (115 ft.)	
Interconnection cable set, 95 mm², 19 poles, liquid cooled		
0459 836 990	2 m (7 ft.)	
0459 836 991	5 m (16 ft.)	
0459 836 992	10 m (33 ft.)	
0459 836 993	15 m (49 ft.)	
0459 836 994	25 m (82 ft.)	
0459 836 995	35 m (115 ft.)	
0448 900 880	Warrior™ DualFeed	

0446 050 880	Interconnection strain relief kit (for update of cables without strain relief)	
0465 427 880	Cool 2	
0465 416 880	Wheel kit	
0349 313 450	3 in 1 Trolley	
0448 910 880	Dual cylinder trolley	
0448 181 880	Counterbalance To provide stepped boom adjustment to set the wire feeder and welding gun in the way the welder wants to position it while welding	

0448 116 880	Counterbalance extension kit Used together with Counterbalance for 6 m and 7.5 m torches	
0465 508 880	Guide pin extension kit Used together with the trolley when the wire feed unit is equipped with wheel kit	
0447 518 880	Feeder mounting bracket To mount the feeder over the power source when the power source is on top of a wheel kit	
0459 491 896	Remote control unit AT1 SMAW and GTAW current	
0459 491 897	Remote control unit AT1 CF SMAW and GTAW: course and fine setting of current	
0465 424 880	Remote outlet kit	
Remote control cable, 12 pole, 8 pole		

0459 552 880	5 m (16 ft.)	
0459 552 881	10 m (33 ft.)	
0459 552 882	15 m (49 ft.)	
0459 552 883	25 m (82 ft.)	
TIG / GTAW torches		
0700 025 530	SR-B 26V-HD Torch, Air, OKC 50, 4 m	
0700 025 531	SR-B 26V-HD Torch, Air, OKC 50, 8 m	
Arc air torches		
61082008	Arcair® K4000 CAB Torch & Cable, Heavy Duty 2 m (7 ft)	
Parallel feeder setup		
0447 757 881	Dual feeder holder	
0446 777 880	Split box Robust Feed Pro	

APPENDIX

0446 970 001	Mounting holder - Split box	
0459 546 880	Connection kit Multiple feeder	



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ESAB Corporation, 2800 Airport Road Denton, TX 76207, USA, Phone +1 800 378 8123

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